#### Hydrogen for Mobility

#### Hydrogen for Mobility – Heavy Duty Freight; how can it help transport decarbonise?

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#### A history of innovation

Arup was born of our founder's conviction that a more collaborative and open-minded approach to engineering would lead to work of greater quality and enduring relevance. Sir Ove's legacy is an organisation that continues to be recognised for bravely imaginative solutions to the world's most challenging projects. In 1970 he set out 6 main aims of the firm in what is known to us as the Key Speech:



Total architecture



Humane organization Straight and honourable dealings



usefulness



Reasonable prosperity

\$

# **Global Presence**





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# Context

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#### Context

### United Kingdom Net Zero Journey

### UK will miss targets without more action

Megatonnes of greenhouse gas emissions a year



UK signed up to Net Zero as a legal requirement in 2019

First G7 country to do so

UK is ahead of carbon budgets, but **behind** on its 2030 emission targets

Transport accounts for 22% of greenhouse emissions\*

Emissions data for 2020 is provisional. Future emissions could be higher or lower. Past and future emissions from UK gov, target path from Climate Change Committee

Source: Dept. for Business, Environment & Industrial Strategy, CCC

BBC

\*Source - DESNZ

Context Two Key Problems that need to be solved

### How is the future fleet decarbonised?



How is the *existing* fleet decarbonised?

#### Context Current thinking on battery / hydrogen split across all transport sectors\*



\*Note: this slide does not include eFuels as a decarbonisation vector

#### Context

Decarbonisation is an 'and, and, and' conversation rather than 'either/or'

# **Greener, Faster, Cheaper**

Battery and fuel cell electric vehicles *working together* are the right path to net-zero

Battery (BEV)	<b>Relevance in segment</b> (illustrative)	Fuel Cell (FCEV)	
•	Passenger car / light commercial vehicle	(H <sub>2</sub> )	
BEVS are vital for <b>enabling fast</b> decarbonization of transport and will be <b>mainstream</b> in <b>many use cases.</b>	Medium-duty truck	<ul> <li>For important segments of road transport, hydrogen is the best option:</li> <li>Regions with constrained renewables or grid capacity in the mid-to-long term</li> <li>High power and energy demand vehicle segments</li> </ul>	
	Heavy- duty truck		
		<ul> <li>Use cases and customer segments with a preference for long range and refueling</li> </ul>	

Source: Hydrogen Council, McKinsey - Roadmap towards zero emissions: The complementary role of BEVs and FCEVs

GREENER

- Superior system efficiency
- More renewables
- Reduced material needs

#### FASTER

- Accelerated decarbonization
- Customer buy-in
- Meet diverse regional needs

#### CHEAPER

- Two infrastructures more cost-effective than one
- Reduced grid load
- Ease the transition to electric

### Hydrogen Council

#### Context The Push and Pull to Make Hydrogen Fit to an optimal TCO





# Current Situation

#### Current Situation Hydrogen refuelling stations & considerations

Either 350 bar, 700 bar or both. Liquid  $H_2$  is in its infancy.

#### HD Freight refuelling should employ 350 bar.

Hydrogen refuelling stations can be deployed within either a depot-based environment or on land dedicated for a refuelling hub, and it is likely that in a city-wide refuelling network both scenarios will be required.

Choice of producing hydrogen onsite or supplied through a 3<sup>rd</sup> party. Correct sizing against CAPEX remain key challenges, with operational reliability and OPEX.



#### Current Situation Hydrogen refuelling stations & considerations

UK is lagging behind Europe as no stations are currently in build\*.

Germany's picture is misleading, as majority of sites are for LD vehicles

On a global stage, China and USA are leading for HD  $H_2$  infrastructure.

Satisfying domestic needs is necessary, with a natural link to international  $H_2$  fuelled freight in future.



\*HAR1 allocations excluded and HAR2 allocations pending



# **OEM** Offerings

#### **Current OEM Proposals** More OEMs entering the market in a short time frame

#### **Fuel Cell\*:**

Daimler Nikola Hyundai Toyota Tevva Scania







### Hydrogen for Combustion\*\*:

Volvo Cummins ULEMCO

### e-Fuels

Any manufacturer



\*Plus multiple Chinese OEMs – Foton and Hyzon are key players & could enter the UK market. \*\*Retro fitting by other companies will emerge





#### Future Solution? Are e-Fuels worth the hype?





# Next Steps

#### **Next Steps** What will move the needle for Hydrogen Mobility in Freight?

#### Collaboration

- Both in business and politically consistent policy drives private investment.
- Look beyond UK Borders for best practices.
- Co-locate e-charging and Hydrogen refuelling to cover all zero-carbon freight mobility.

#### Scale

- Linking refuelling hubs will create greater demand. Demand creates more hubs, which stimulates demand.
- Ideally an integrated national plan to roll out Hydrogen stations over a defined time period with a secure supply of low carbon hydrogen & subsidised vehicles is the ideal scenario.

#### Hydrogen for combustion & e-Fuels

- These are potential game changers for Heavy Duty Freight.
- Attractive to operators and reduces reliance on fuel cells.
- Production of NOx (through reaction of atmospheric nitrogen  $(N_2)$  and oxygen  $(O_2)$  molecules in combustion gas at elevated temperatures) needs to be managed with  $H_2$  for combustion
- e-fuels should be transparent compared to conventional diesel.







#### Next Steps Challenges for Hydrogen Mobility in Freight?

#### **Consistent Policy:**

- Business models consistency of CfD models, funding for refuelling infrastructure.
- OEM commitments to UK
- Attractiveness of UK for private investment

#### CAPEX:

- For both refuelling sites and vehicles
- Look beyond UK Borders for best practices
- Co-locating e-charging and Hydrogen refuelling

#### **Operational Excellence Impact:**

- No major fuel retailer implementing Hydrogen
- Operational risk that needs to be managed.

#### Infrastructure:

- Grid restrictions (applies to both Green and Blue H<sub>2</sub> sites)
- Service stations and their ownership models



### Department for Energy Security & Net Zero





### How can Arup assist you in Hydrogen for Heavy Duty?

We offer end to end project support:



Procurement of Hydrogen vehicles Design of refuelling stations / distribution hubs Policy definition & direction Bid writing (HAR) Hydrogen Demand (bottom up and top down) Stakeholder engagement Business Models & Investments Engineering and financial due diligence



